

SPECIAL RELATIVITY HOMEWORK – WEEK 4

For this exercise set, we live in 3d Minkowski spacetime $\mathbb{R}^{1,2}$, with coordinates (t, x, y) .

The Lorentz group has 3 generators:

$$J_{tx} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} ; \quad J_{ty} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} ; \quad J_{xy} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} . \quad (1)$$

Exercise 1. Compute the Lorentz matrices $e^{\theta J_{tx}}$, $e^{\theta J_{ty}}$, and $e^{\theta(J_{ty}+J_{xy})}$, where θ is a scalar parameter.

Points on the lightcone $x_\mu x^\mu = 0$ can be coordinatized as:

$$(t, x, y) = \rho(1, \cos \phi, \sin \phi) . \quad (2)$$

Notice that ϕ is a coordinate on the projective lightcone, which is a circle.

Exercise 2. Rewrite eq. (2) in terms of a different lightcone coordinate $\xi \equiv \tan \frac{\phi}{2}$. You may find it convenient to redefine the scale factor ρ as well.

Exercise 3. Work out how the projective lightcone coordinate ξ transforms under the following spacetime symmetries:

1. $e^{\theta J_{tx}}$
2. $e^{\theta(J_{ty}+J_{xy})}$
3. The spatial reflection $(t, x, y) \rightarrow (t, -x, y)$
4. $e^{\theta(J_{ty}-J_{xy})}$ (hint: try assembling it from the previous answers)