

Ronan STEPHAN

Systemic challenges that smart territories will face

Tuesday, January 15th 2014



The First International Symposium on Open Energy Systems



# Agenda

Context and Forthcoming Trends... What if?

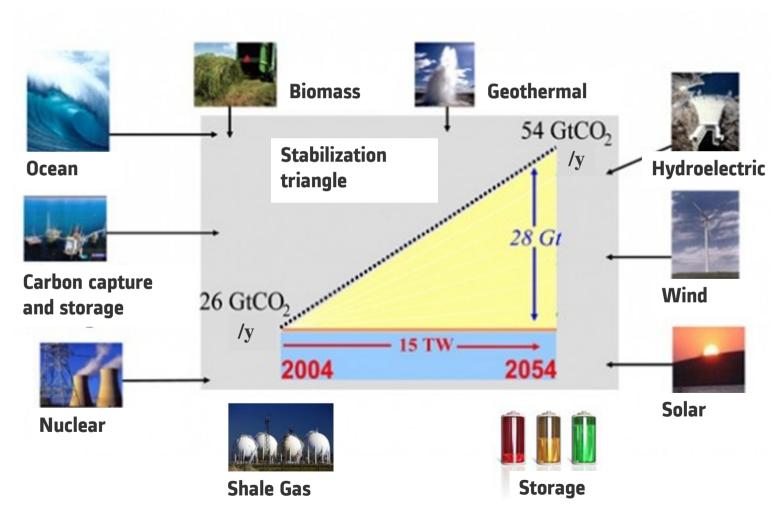
How to adapt?

Which challenges?

Which "enablers"?

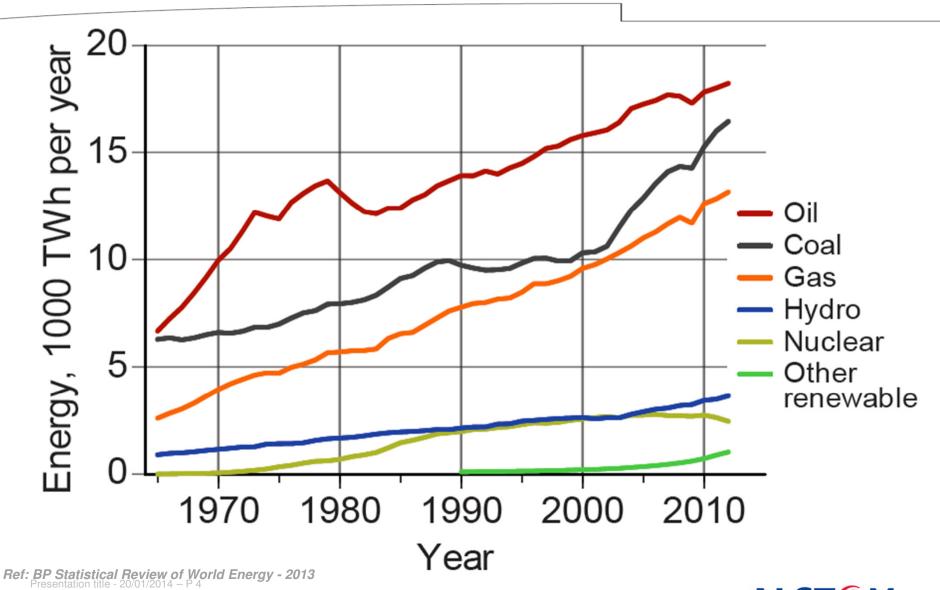


# As a preamble... Energy mix, limitations and mitigation challenges



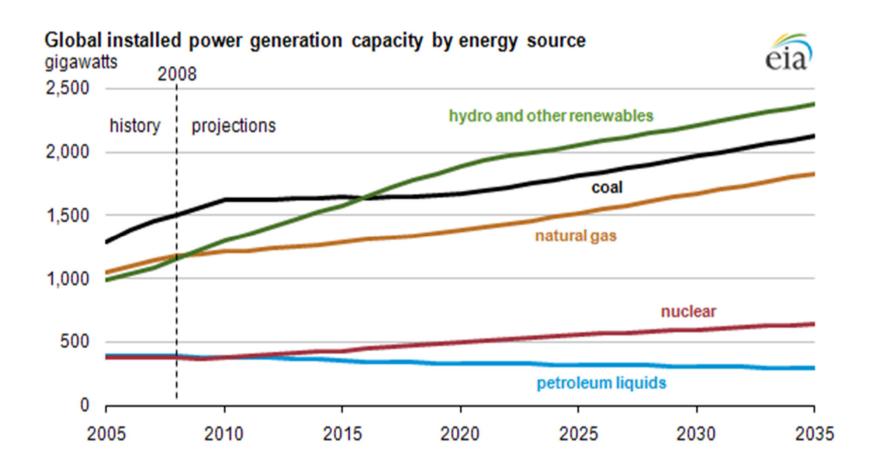


# World Energy consumption





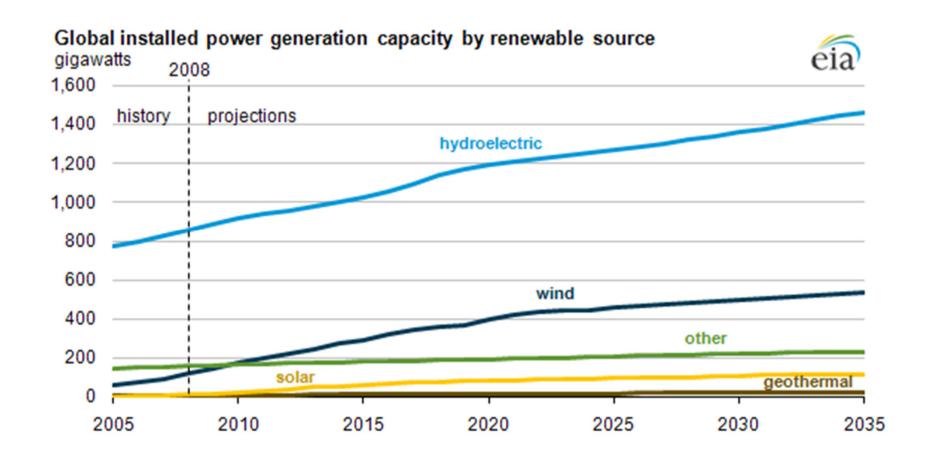
# Renewable energies showing the highest growth in electricity generation capacity







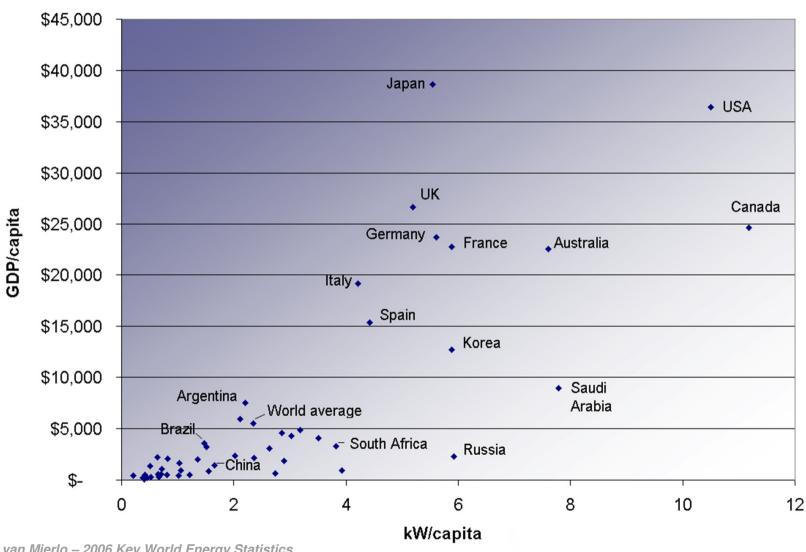
# Renewable energies mix







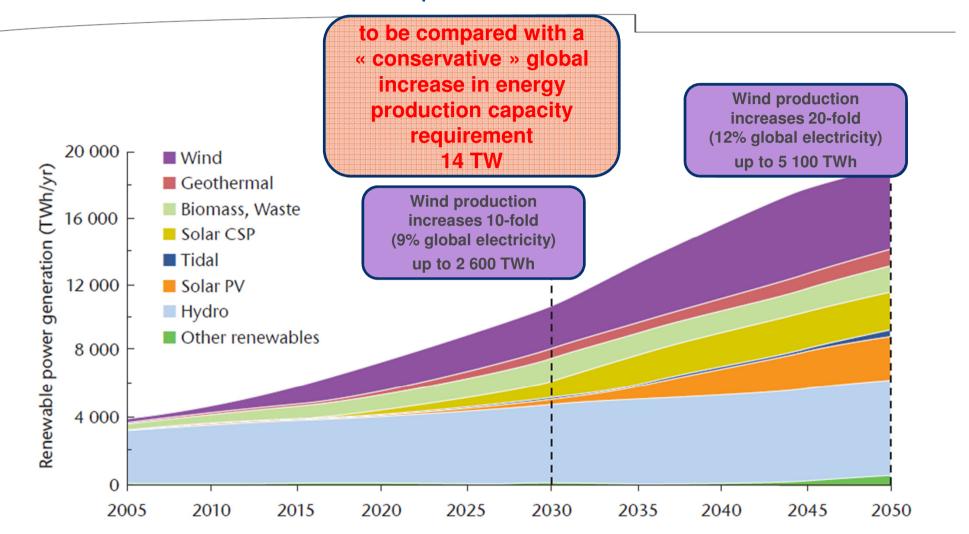
# Energy consumption versus GDP







# Electricity from renewable energy sources up to 2050 in the ETP 2008 BLUE Map scenario (updated 2012)





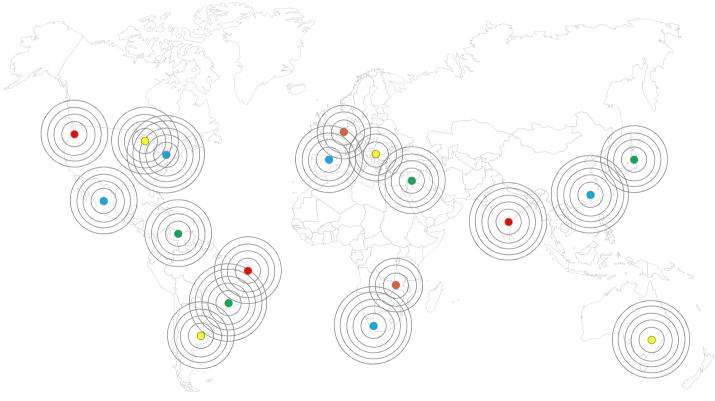
# Key drivers Urban migration

#### A planet of smarter cities:

1900 < 20% world population lived in cities, 0.3 billion people

2007 > 50% population lived in cities, 3.3 billion people

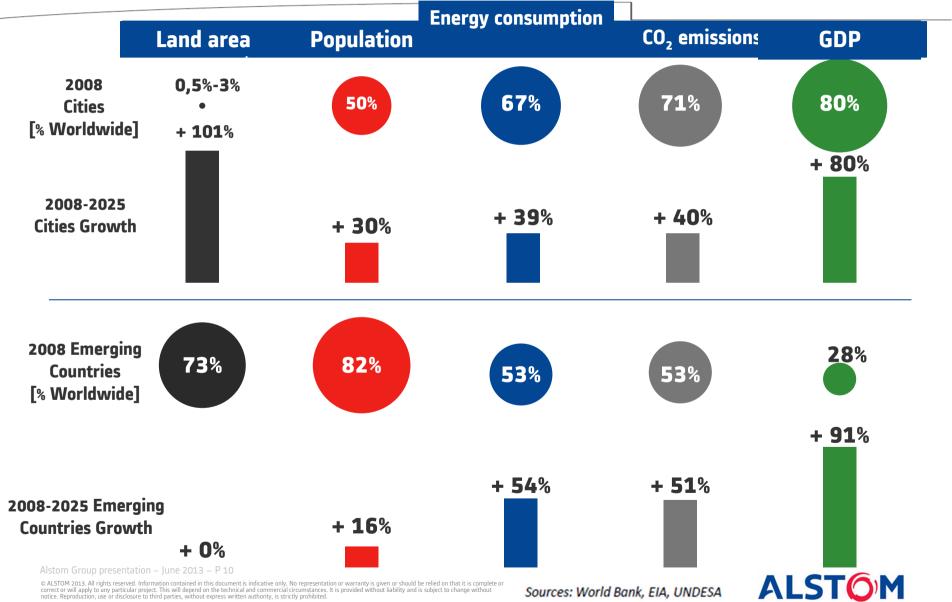
2050 > 70% will be city dwellers, **6.4** billion people





Presentation title - 20/01/2014 - P 9

### City trends ... Cities and developing world statistics



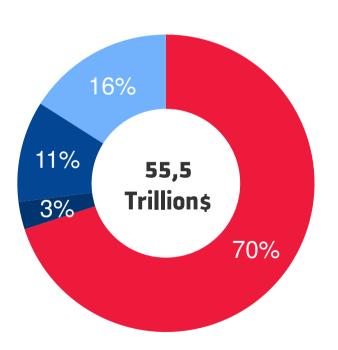
Sources: World Bank, EIA, UNDESA

#### Main issues for tomorrow...

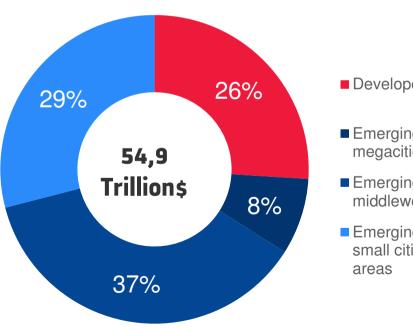
# Cities growth & GDP

# Close to **50% of the GDP growth worldwide** from 2007–2025 come and will continue to come from **Cities in Emerging Countries**

**GDP, 2007** 



**GDP Growth, 2007-25** 



- Developed countries
- Emerging countries megacities
- Emerging countries middleweight cities
- Emerging countries small cities and rural areas



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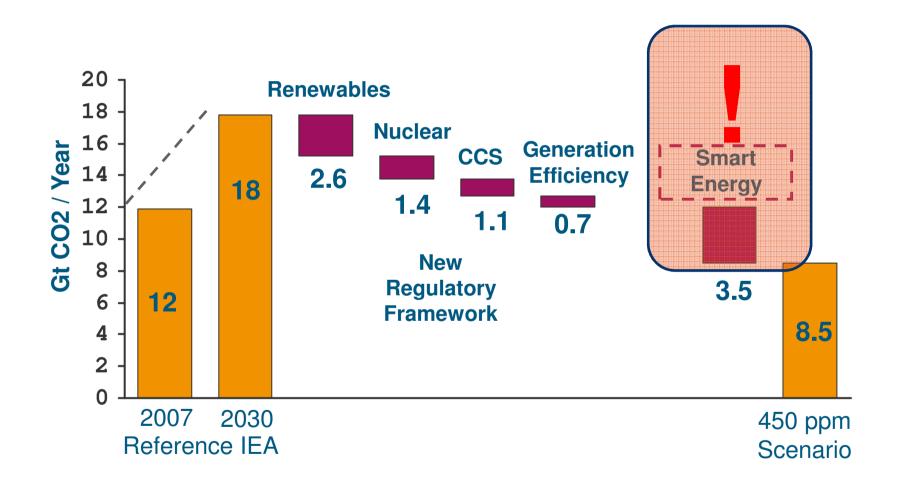
How to adapt?

Which challenges?

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# Smart Energy Systems are critical for CO<sub>2</sub> footprint reduction





#### And so, what?...



• We are reaching the system's limit : *limitation* and *mitigation* constraints are leading to *negotiation* 



Prospectivists expect a smart cities evolution similar to that of the internet



Convergence can easily become the incumbent playground





• Largest silos: *Smart Grids, Smart Transportation, Smart Public Services/* Smallest: *Smart Buildings* 



• Estimates vary... \$100b (2020) - \$1000b (2016)

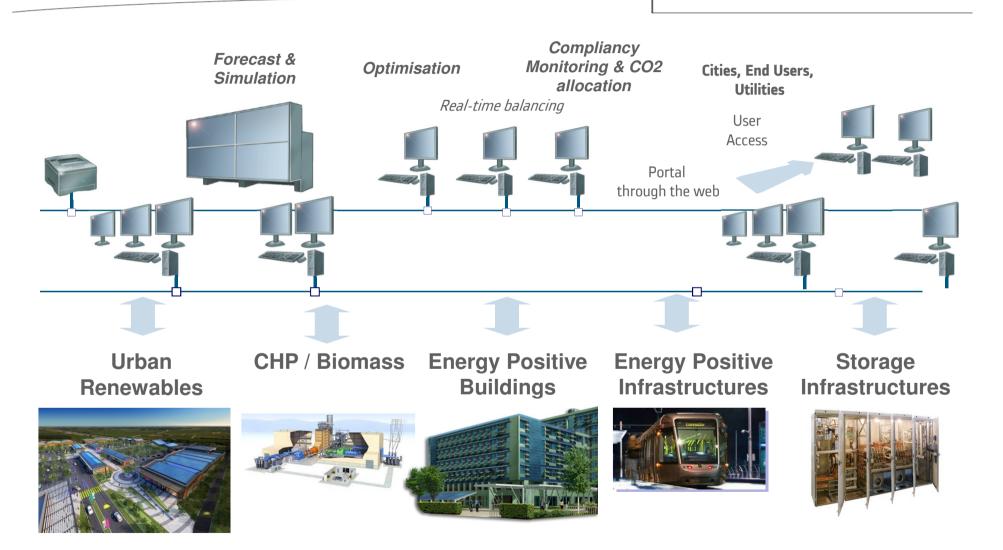


 Projects are currently driven by developed countries but... 90% of population growth is expected in emergent markets

No current market for integrated solutions



# CO<sub>2</sub> reduction will require the optimisation of energy & transportation usages







#### Ecosystems will evoluate...

#### ...we need a « smart glue »

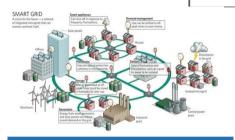
Sustainability and Environmental Impact Awareness

A new energy mix to invent for a 9 billion inhabitants planet



#### Clean Power

Smart Energy Use Renewable Flexibility Worldwide balance to share resources



#### **Smart Grid**

Integration of intermittent energies
Improvement of grid reliability and stability
Optimisation of electricity distribution



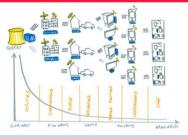
#### Mobility

Efficient urban mobility
Rational long distance
connection
A PPP world (Financing Needs

#### Digitalization

Trend towards a fully digitalised world

#### Control at a fingertip



Fully connected world Supervision and Information Hyper Connectivity & Cyber Security

#### Manage Complex World



Multiplications of Stakeholders Flexibility and Adaptability Distributed Intelligence

#### Service Oriented



Sustainable Maintenance & Operation
Virtual environment







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### Why are smart cities so important?









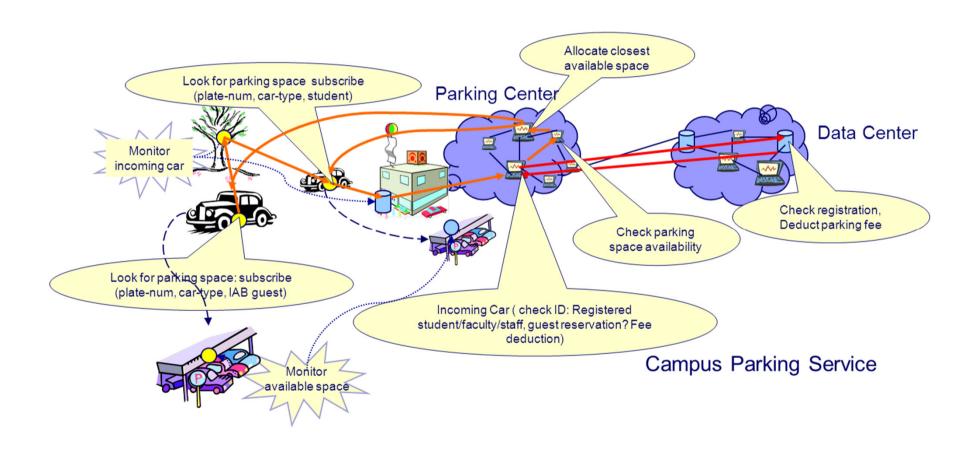




- The biggest challenge today
  - find the right combination of technologies to meet specific application needs
  - allow scale-up and replication. A pre-requisite in an integration between players
- Smart City Operating Systems could be the perfect glue with the development of Smart City applications
- Political involvement is needed to make the barriers crumble

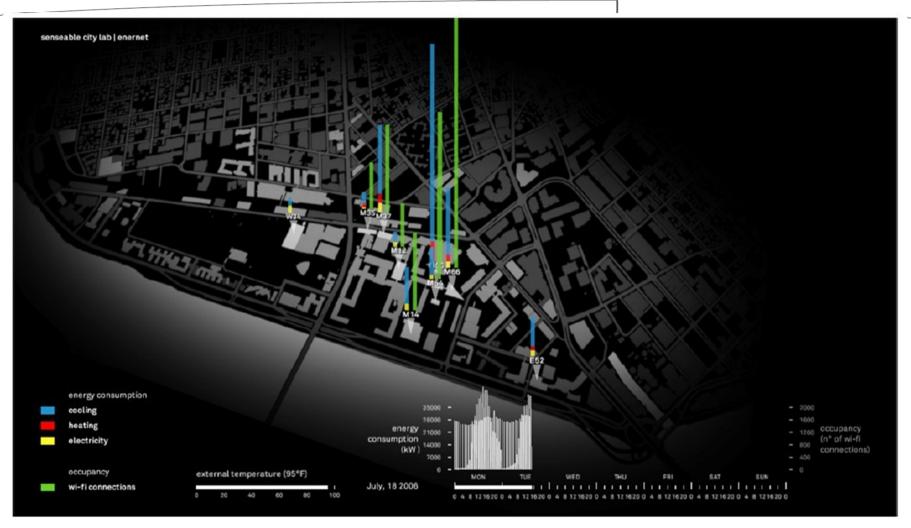


### An example of a Smart System



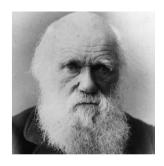


#### New trends...



The energy profiles and WiFi activity of 9 buildings within the MIT campus on 18th July 2006.





"In the long history of humankind (and animal kind, too) those who learned to collaborate and improvise most effectively have prevailed"

Charles Darwin



#### Dominant social trends



• World population is projected to increase to at least 9 billion by 2050



 At the same time, current trends indicate an steep increase in living standards and a fast growing middle class around the world



✓ These two mega-trends will have profound implications, and the way they
are managed will be one of the key determinants of prosperity and peace in
the decades to come



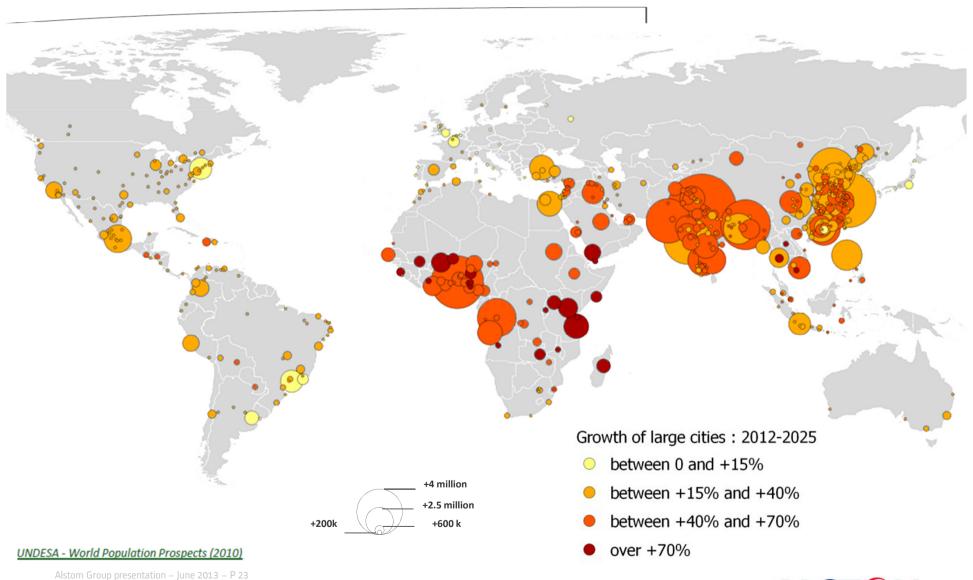
✓ A number of factors are important in this respect







# City trends ... Cities growth map



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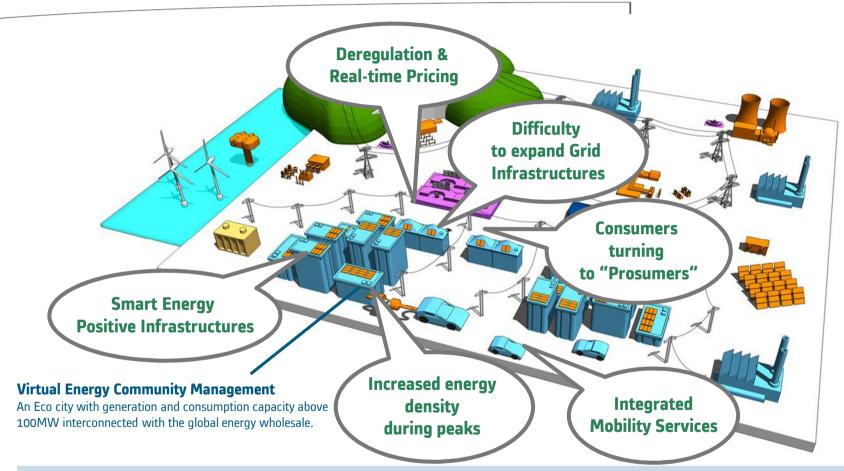
How to adapt?

Which challenges?

Which "enablers"?



#### Growing constraints in city energy infrastructures



#### Emergence of new Virtual Power Plant concepts







### City trends...

- The biggest challenge today
  - find the right combination of technologies to meet specific application needs
  - allow scale-up and replication. A pre-requisite in an integration between players
- **SCOS** could be the perfect glue with the development of Smart City applications
- Political involvement is needed to make the barriers crumble
- Many people compare the development of Smart Cities with the Internet



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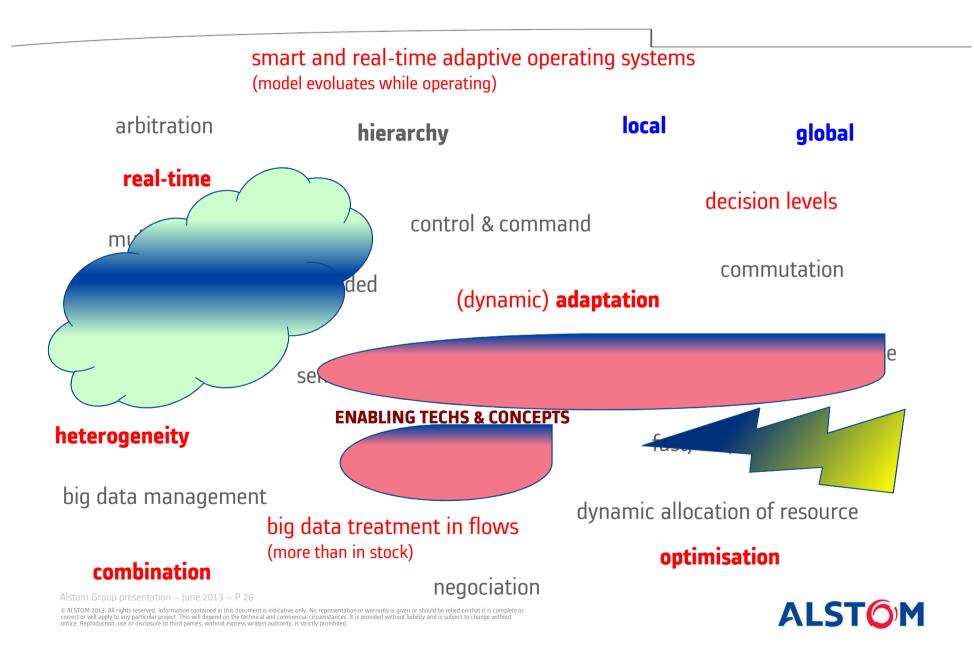
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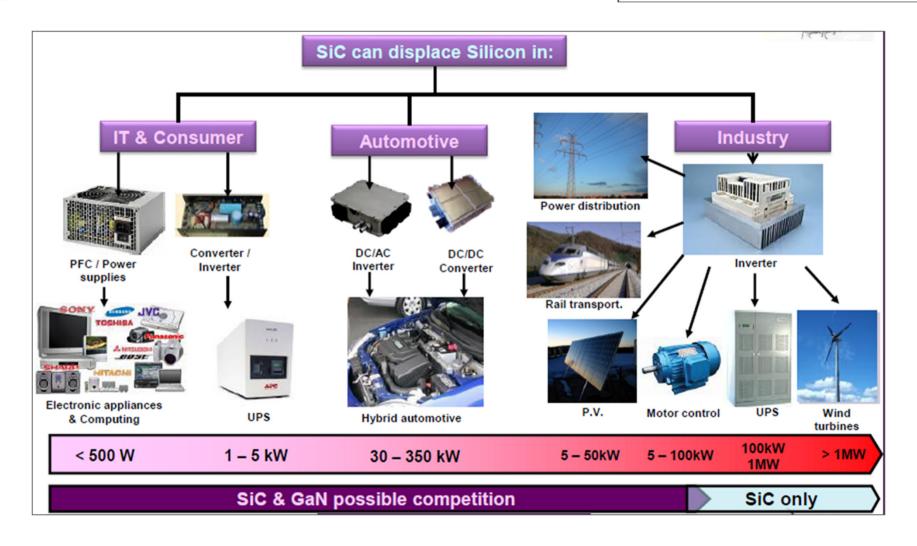
Which "enablers"?



### A word-wall picturing ...a complex entanglement



#### Power electronics





# Power Electronics Situations, Opportunities and Risks

Smart territories will need smart tools and smart tools rely on

- Information technology and sensors (to control and observe)
- Large computing and data analysis capability (to predict and plan)
- Flexibles actuators/reactive systems ( to transmit decisions and interact)

Last 20 years of "information revolution" unlocked innovation solutions to replace /substitute services given/proposed by the infrastructure sectors such as electricity networks, transportations solutions...

This impact our businesses and adjacent ones and it will continue (toward more and more distributed markets? etc..)



# P.E @ heart of new growth areas

#### Critical products' performances depend on P.E. pieces

#### Thermal



Flexible Plants: at various loads, minimising fuel consumption (via VFD)

**Serivces**: PE equipment used to penetrate other fleets (High margin) maintenance contract-

Troyan horse to gain skills on our products is already threatening in Nuclear

Traction chain (incl. Motors+ converters)

(source of innovation and breakthrough to reduce volume and weight to benefit / Differentiate product value proposal)

Transport

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**Flexible high efficiency products**: via cost effective combisystem concepts

-

Innovation/ Technology

leadership

contro

Rail transport.

Substations to capture and reuse breaking energy (energy saving features/improve operation costs

structure)

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Hydro Pump Storage variable speed drive:

to maximise efficiency (capital intensive)

Offshore Wind
Converters
to connect with
low perturbations
to networks

Renewable



Ocean converters to link with networks

V. M

**Smart Grids** (intelligence, distribution, interconnection)

**HVDC** (main drivers : technology and reliability ; major difficulties : circuit breaker, Very high voltage, connection with AC)

Core solutions to Smart Territories



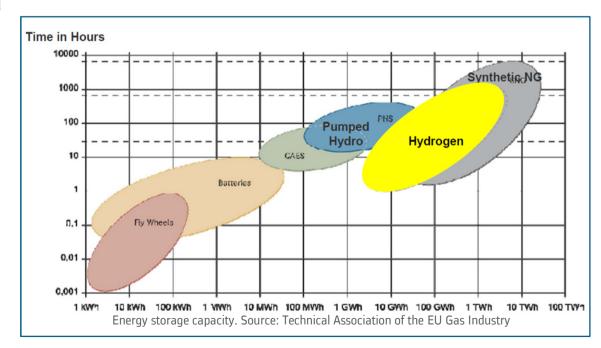
#### **Expected breakthrough in large –scale energy storage**

Alstom is conducting research into a variety of possible energy storage capabilities featuring different time constants, scales, materials, equipment, etc.

Technologies mix for hybrid

and flexible solutions:

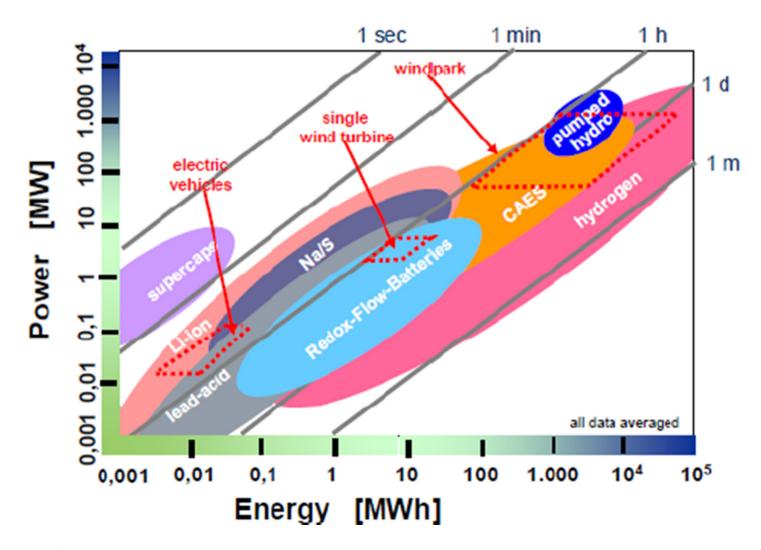
- Hydrogen
- Battery technologies
- Hydro storage
- Flying wheels
- Supercapacitors
- Compressed air



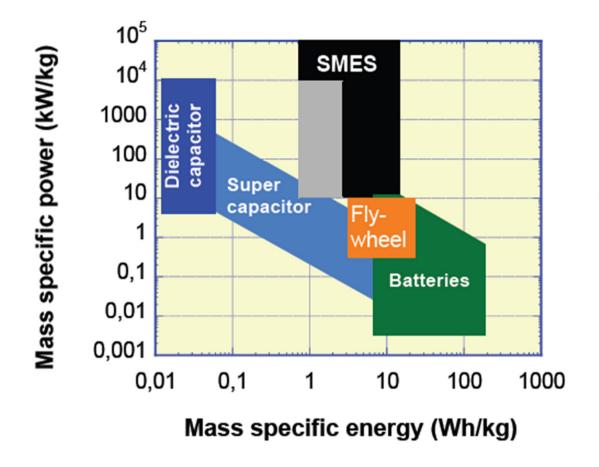


1 kg coal	8 kWh
1 kg wood	4 kWh
1 kg oil	10 - 12 kWh
1 kg natural gas	10 - 14 kWh
1 kg enriched uranium	600 000 kWh
1 kg of water - 1000 m fall	0.003 kWh
1 kg Pb battery	0.03 kWh
1 kg lithium battery	0.25 kWh







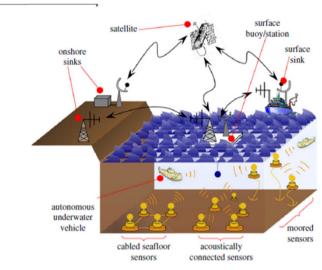


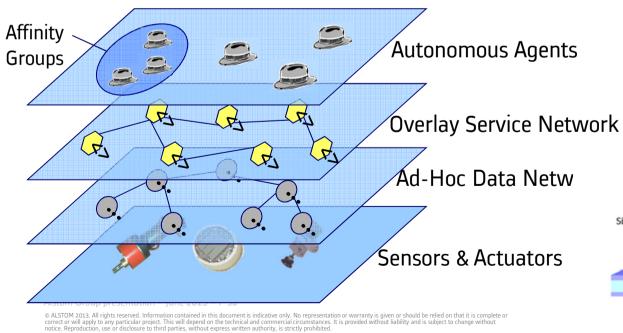
Ragone chart:
Performance
comparison of
storing
devices

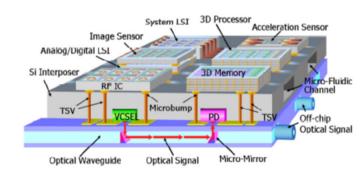


#### **Smart Sensors Systems**

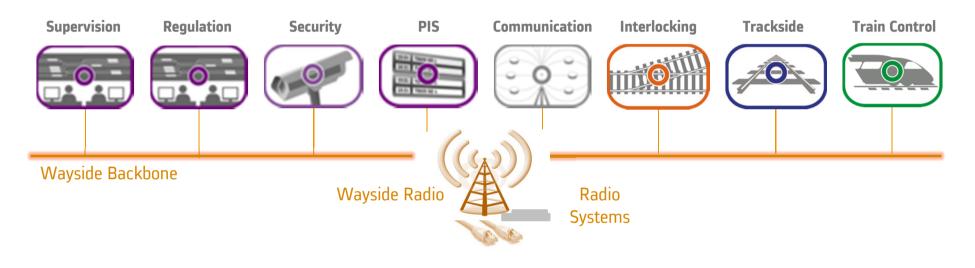








### Network and Telecom, the glue







# As a temporary conclusion... this forthcoming ecosystem will be

distributed

composite & complex

and *real-time* 

systemic



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