A magnetically tunable lens

Mojtaba Moshkani Mathieu Couillard, Daehee Kim, Jason Twamley Quantum Machines Unit

What is the problem?

Lenses have numerous applications in microscopy, surgical devices, smart phones and so on. Their primary goal is to project light from one point to another within an optical system. Lenses are traditionally built from specific types of glass and have spherical surfaces and are fixed – they typically cannot be varied. Designs for variable lenses suffer from various defects and aberrations. One such aberration is spherical aberration, and this restricts the useful area of a variable lens to be very small. Many optical devices would benefit from using a variable lens which do not suffer from such defects. This would allow the optical systems to change focus, field of view etc. without the requirement of bulky moving mechanical setups. Drawback of traditional varifocal (tunable focus), optical systems:

- Aberrations
- Bulky with mechanical zoom
- Sensitive to alignment
- Slow in adjusting the focus if adjustable

What is your solution?

We have invented and are building a universal tunable lens using magnetically engineered liquids. The shape of the lens will be controlled using magnetic field. This will give us the ability to tune the focal length and correct aberrations such as spherical, coma and astigmatism. Moreover, we will be able to magnetically modulate the position and orientation of the lens enabling us to steer the beam in real time.

Our Technology Advantages:

• Detailed sculpting of the lens shape

Keywords: Tuneable lens, varifocal, liquid, magnetically actuated

- o Modulation of the position and orientation/beam steering
- o Miniaturization
- No moving mechanical parts



Figure 1: (top row) Various applications of lenses, (bottom row) a distorted/aberrated image of a keyboard when imaged through a spherical lens and a smart phone lens system – which has no tunable/variable lens components



Figure 2: Schematic of the magnetically tunable lens in different configurations, with changing focal length, pitch and yaw. The shape corrects for spherical aberration.

OIST | Innovation

Other resources

o <u>Link to Patent</u>

Contribution to SDGs



Phase

For more information: rdcluster@oist.jp