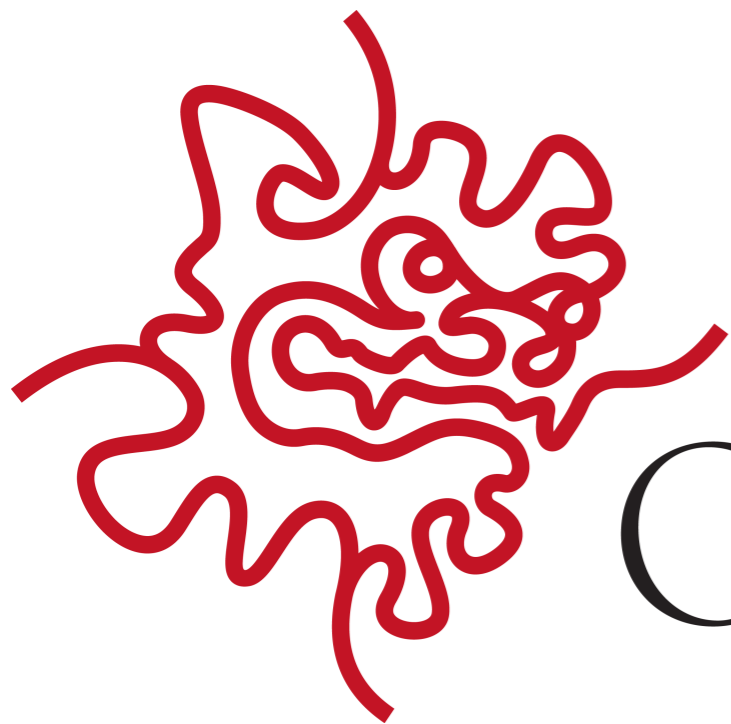




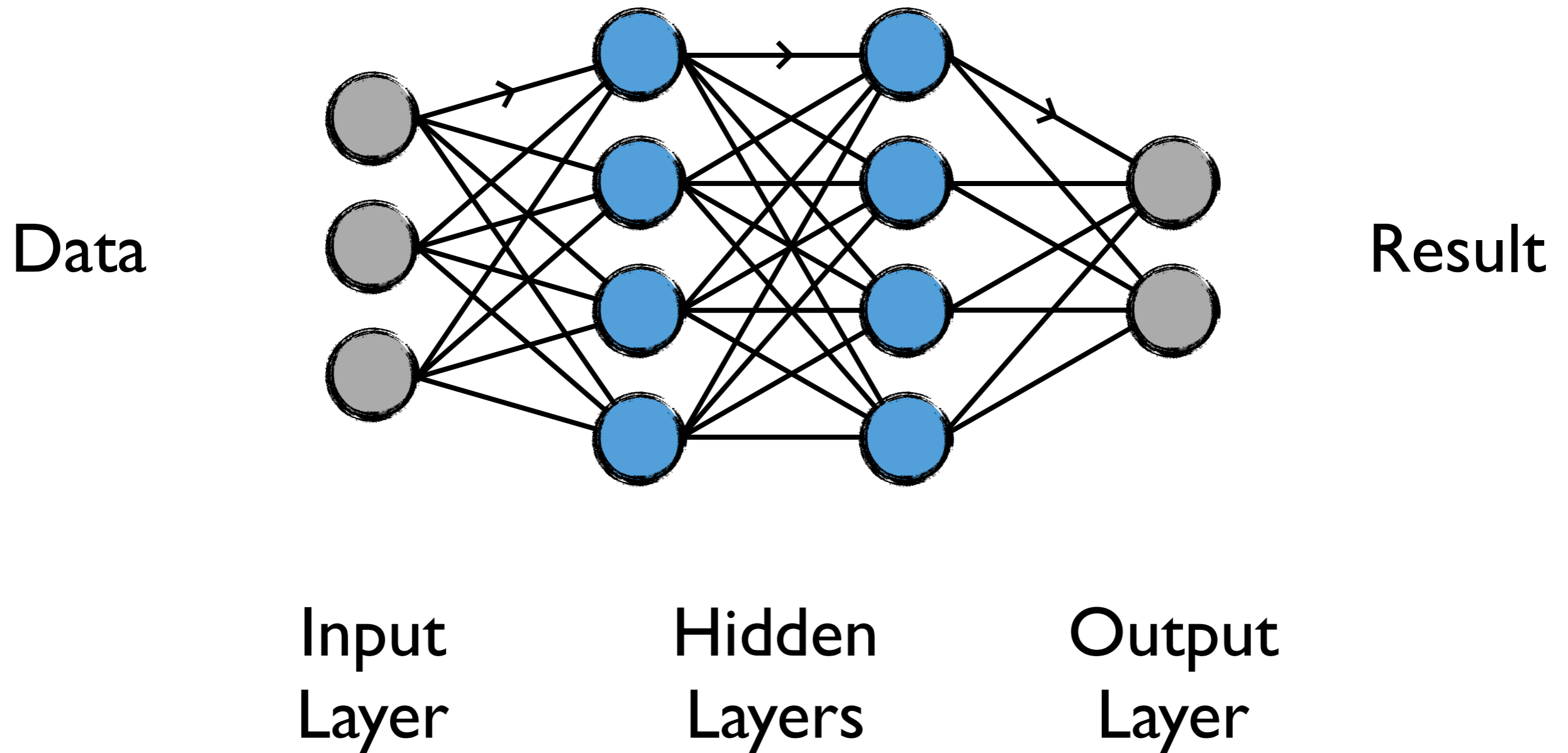
# Neural Networks with MATLAB

Jérémie Gillet

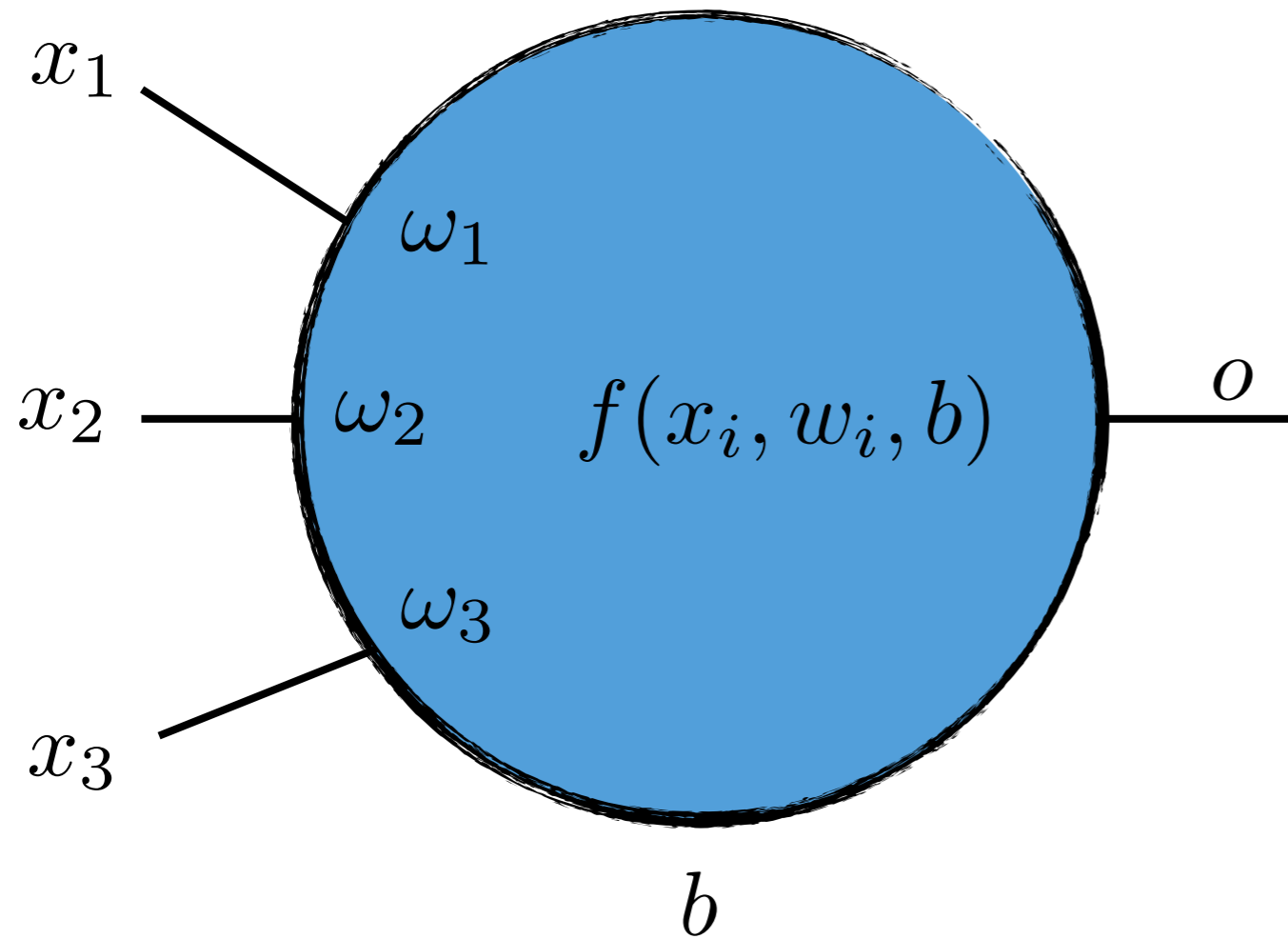


OIST

# What is a Neural Network?

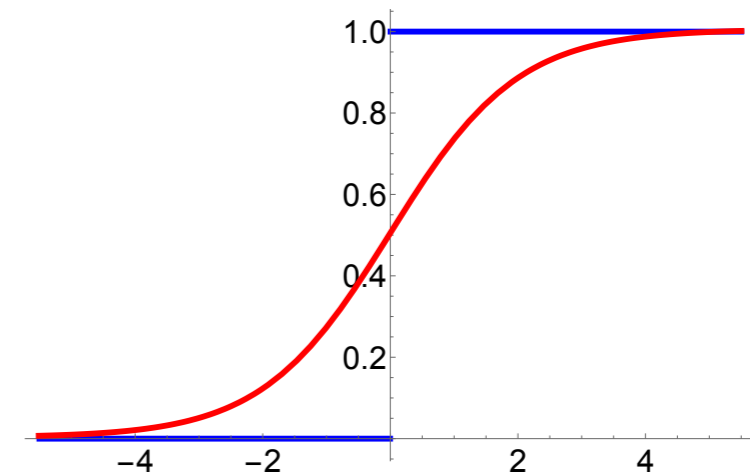


# Single neuron



## Perceptron

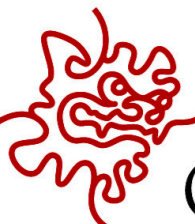
$$o = \theta \left( \sum_i \omega_i x_i - b \right)$$



## Sigmoid neuron

$$o = \sigma \left( \sum_i \omega_i x_i - b \right)$$

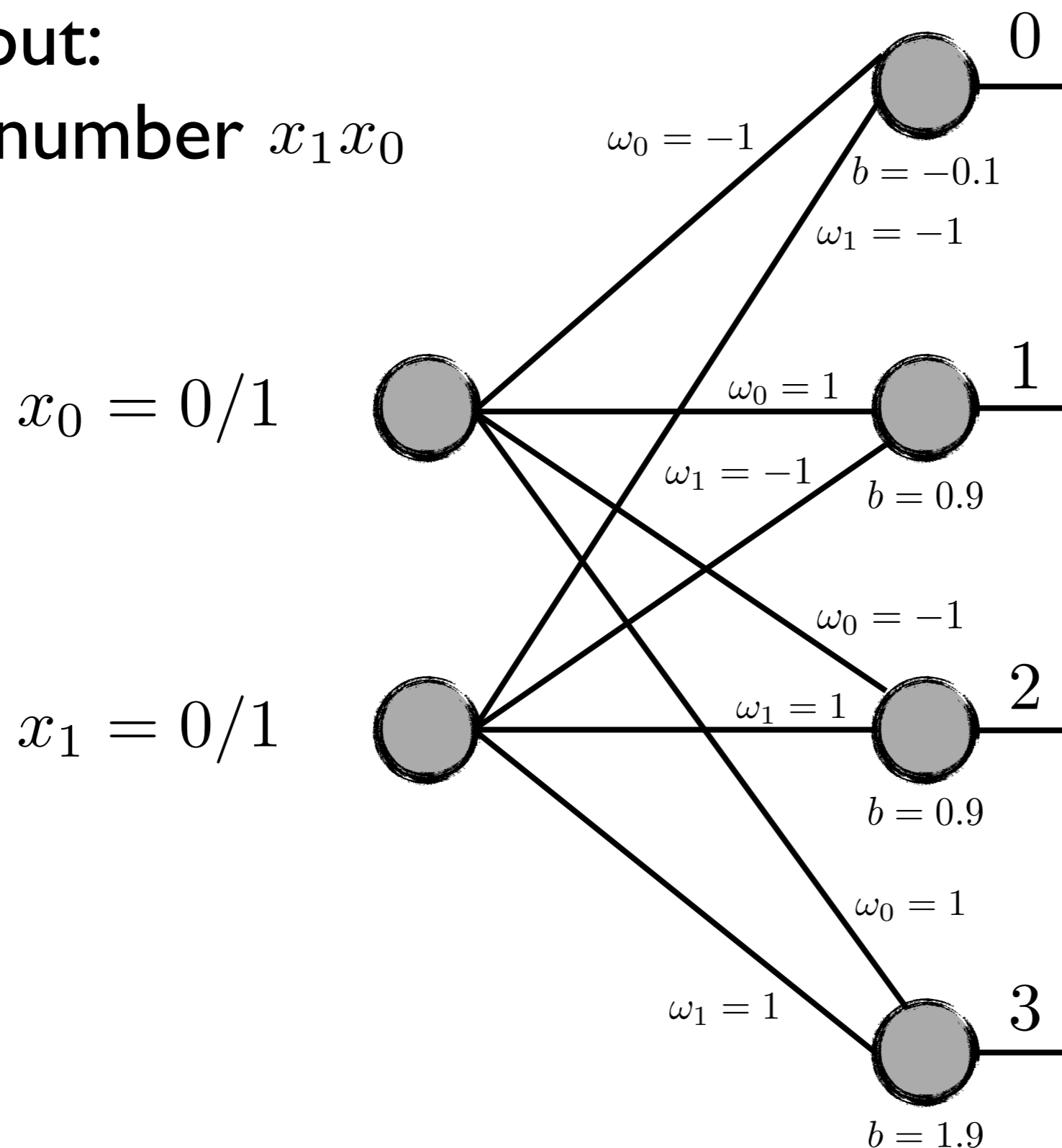
$$\sigma(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$



# Example: binary conversion

Input:  
binary number  $x_1x_0$

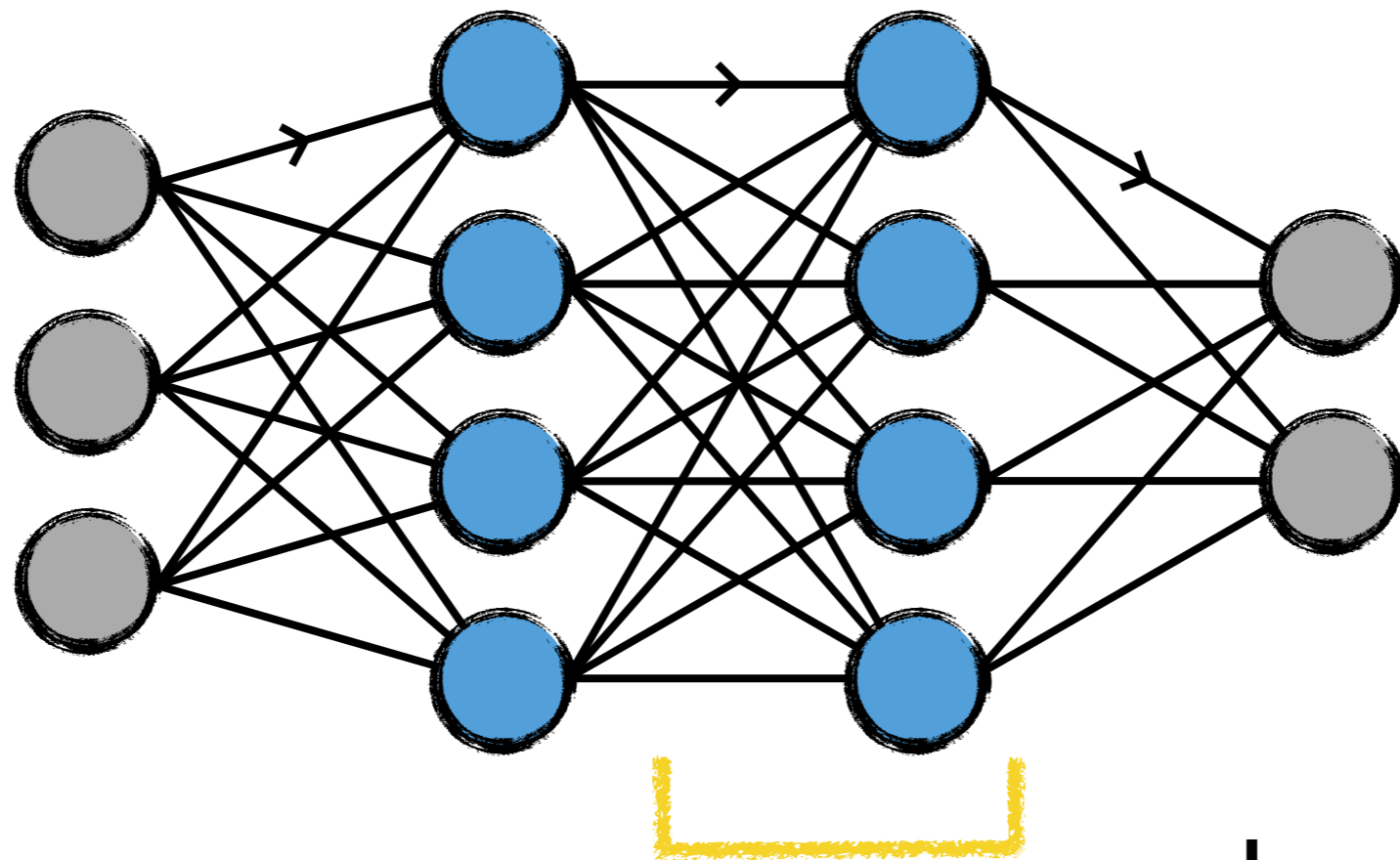
Output:  
“0” to “3”



Neuron fires when  
 $\omega_0x_0 + \omega_1x_1 > b$



# Neural Network



Layer number

$$\omega_{j,k}^l$$

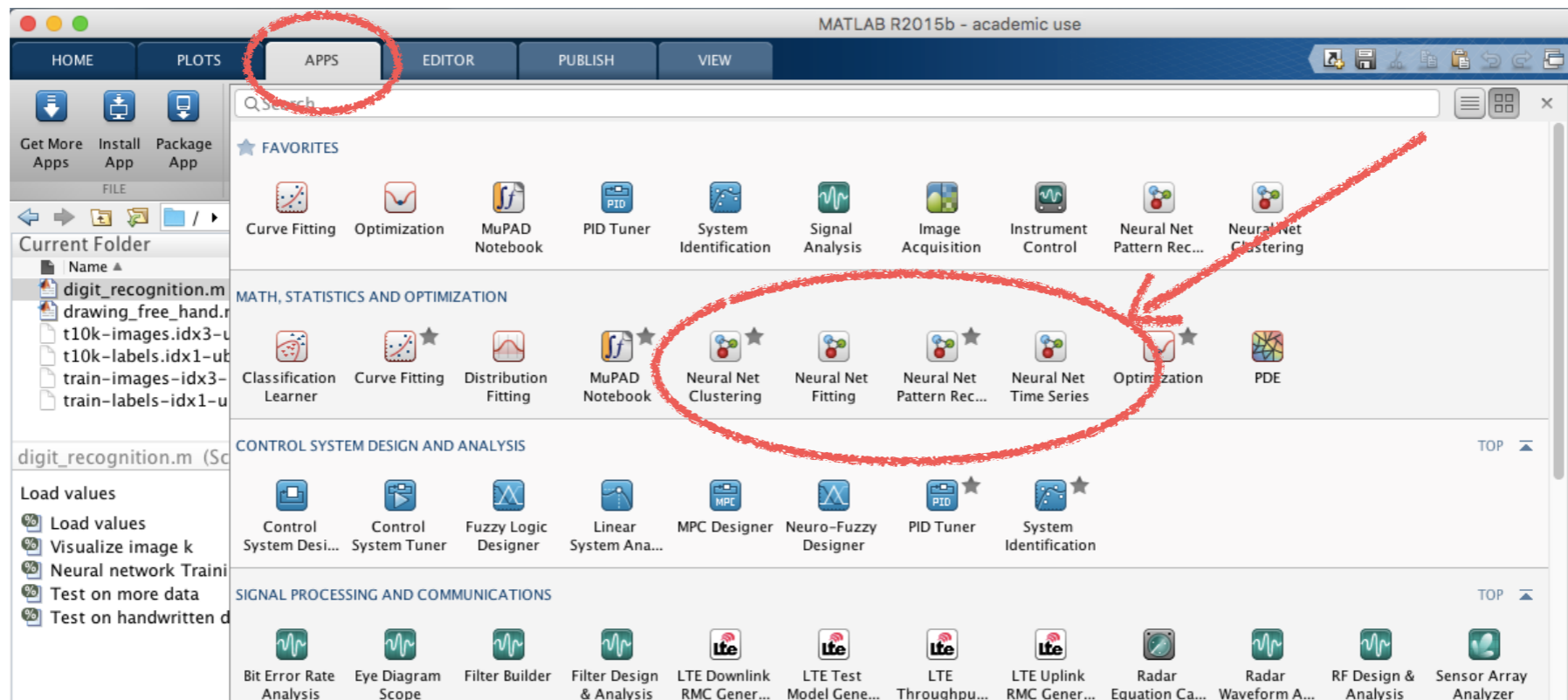
Neuron number  
in previous layer

$$b_j^l$$

Neuron number  
in layer



- Gather lots of training data (with solution)
- Set number of hidden layers and neurons
- Start with random parameters
- Apply the network, tweak the parameters
- Repeat step above until you are satisfied
- Apply neural network to new data



- Several tools exist and are being developed
- Basic understanding of the tool is required
- Pushes the GUI, but stick with the code



# Example: handwritten digits

- MNIST database
- 60,000 examples in training set
- 10,000 examples in test set
- $28 \times 28 = 784$  pixel images
- Our network: single hidden layer, 100 neurons

