

2 \rightarrow 2 scattering in supersymmetric matter Chern-Simons theories at large N

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Scattering in CS matter theories

- In QFT, **Crossing symmetry**: analytic continuation of amplitudes.
- **Particle-antiparticle** scattering: obtained from **particle-particle** scattering by **analytic continuation**.
- **Naive crossing symmetry** leads to non-unitary S matrices in $U(N)$ Chern-Simons matter theories. [Jain, Mandlik, Minwalla, Takimi, Wadia, Yokoyama]
- **Consistency with unitarity** required
 - **Delta function** term at forward scattering.
 - **Modified crossing symmetry** rules.
- **Conjecture**: Singlet channel S matrices have the form

$$S = 8\pi\sqrt{s}\cos(\pi\lambda)\delta(\theta) + i\frac{\sin(\pi\lambda)}{\pi\lambda}\mathcal{T}^{S;\text{naive}}(s, \theta)$$

- $\mathcal{T}^{S;\text{naive}}$: **naive analytic continuation** of **particle-particle** scattering.

Scattering in $U(N)$ CS matter theories at large N

- Particle: fund rep of $U(N)$, Antiparticle: antifund rep of $U(N)$.

$$\text{Fundamental} \otimes \text{Fundamental} \rightarrow \text{Symm}(U_d) \oplus \text{Asymm}(U_e)$$

$$\text{Fundamental} \otimes \text{Antifundamental} \rightarrow \text{Adjoint}(T) \oplus \text{Singlet}(S)$$

- Eigenvalues of Anyonic phase operator $\nu_m = \frac{C_2(R_1) + C_2(R_2) - C_2(R_m)}{2\kappa}$

$$\nu_{\text{Asym}} \sim \nu_{\text{Sym}} \sim \nu_{\text{Adj}} \sim O\left(\frac{1}{N}\right), \nu_{\text{Sing}} \sim O(\lambda)$$

- symm, asymm and adjoint channels - non anyonic at large N .
- Scattering in the singlet channel is effectively anyonic at large N - naive crossing rules fail unitarity.
- Conjecture beyond large N : general form of $2 \rightarrow 2$ S matrices in any $U(N)$ Chern-Simons matter theory

$$\mathcal{S}(s, \theta) = 8\pi\sqrt{s}\cos(\pi\nu_m)\delta(\theta) + i\frac{\sin(\pi\nu_m)}{\pi\nu_m}\mathcal{T}(s, \theta)$$

Universality and tests

- Delta function and modified crossing rules conjectured by Jain et al appear to be universal.
- Tests of the conjecture:
 - Unitarity of the S matrix.
 - 3d bosonization duality.
 - Non-relativistic limit gives unitary Aharonov-Bohm.
- All the tests had been explicitly verified for
 - $U(N)$ Chern-Simons coupled to fundamental bosons
 - $U(N)$ Chern-Simons coupled to fundamental fermions
- We tested the conjecture in $\mathcal{N} = 1, 2$ Supersymmetric $U(N)$ Chern-Simons matter theories. [K.I. Jain, Mazumdar, Minwalla, Umesh, Yokoyama]

Summary of results

- Results are in perfect agreement with 3d bosonization duality.
- Unitarity requires the delta function at forward scattering and crossing symmetry rules modified in exactly the same way for the singlet channel as conjectured by Jain et al.
- Non-relativistic limit of the $\mathcal{N} = 1$ S matrix precisely reproduces the unitarized Aharonov-Bohm result.
- Substantial evidence for universality of the conjecture.
- $\mathcal{N} = 1$ S matrix has interesting pole structure, in particular there exists a massless bound state.
- $\mathcal{N} = 2$ results obtained at special value of quartic scalar coupling.
- We find non-renormalization of pole mass and vertex for $\mathcal{N} = 2$ theory - good things happen with more susy.

Future outlook

- **Generalization to higher supersymmetry** - mass deformed $\mathcal{N} = 3, 4, 5$, and mass deformed $\mathcal{N} = 6$ ABJ theory - in progress [K.I, S.Jain, S.Minwalla, S. Yokoyama]
- Effective field theory for the massless bound states of the S matrix.
- **Four point correlator of fields**: plays a crucial role in computation of two, three point functions of gauge invariant currents - explicit computation in $\mathcal{N} = 2$ theory and possible $\mathcal{N} = 2$ generalization of Maldacena-Zhiboedov solutions - in progress [K.I, S.Jain, P.Nayak]
- **Rigorous proof of delta function and modified crossing rules**, generalisation to finite N and κ .

References

- K.I, S.Jain, S.Mazumdar, S.Minwalla, V.Umesh, S.Yokoyama: Arxiv [1505.06571](#), *JHEP* **1510** (2015) 176
- S.Jain, M.Mandlik, S.Minwalla, T.Takimi, S.Wadia, S.Yokoyama: Arxiv [1404.6373](#), *JHEP* **1504** (2015) 129

Thank You!

Dyson-Schwinger equations

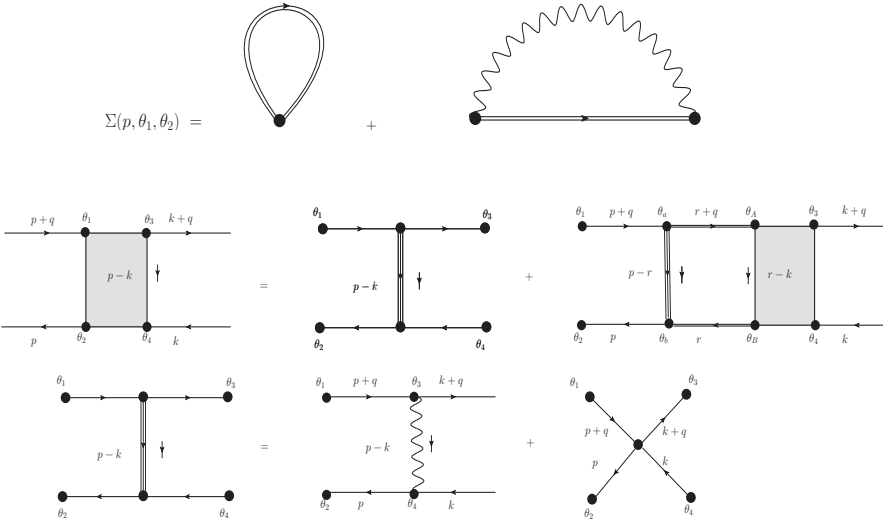
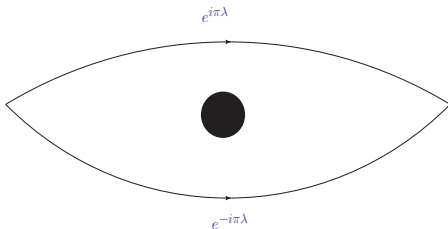


Figure: Dyson-Schwinger equation for exact propagator and exact offshell four point function.

Nature of the conjecture: Delta function

$$\mathcal{S} = 8\pi\sqrt{s}\cos(\pi\lambda)\delta(\theta) + i\frac{\sin(\pi\lambda)}{\pi\lambda}\mathcal{T}^{\mathcal{S};\text{naive}}(s, \theta)$$

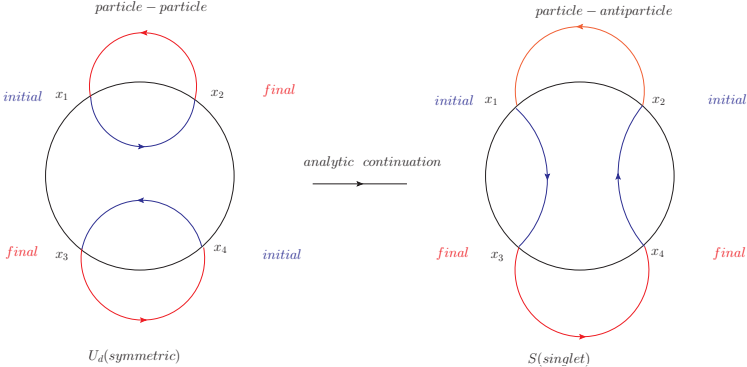
- The conjectured S matrix has a non-analytic $\delta(\theta)$ piece.
- delta function is already known to be necessary to unitarize non-relativistic Aharonov-Bohm scattering [Ruijsenaars; Bak, Jackiw, Pi].



- $\cos(\pi\lambda)$ is due to the interference of the Aharonov-Bohm phases of the wave packets.

Modified crossing rules: A heuristic explanation

$$\mathcal{S} = 8\pi\sqrt{s}\cos(\pi\lambda)\delta(\theta) + i\frac{\sin(\pi\lambda)}{\pi\lambda}\mathcal{T}^{\mathcal{S};\text{naive}}(s, \theta)$$



$$T_{U_d} W_{U_d} \rightarrow T_S W_S$$

$$\frac{W_{U_d}}{W_S} = \frac{\oint \text{with 2 circular Wilson lines}}{\oint \text{with 1 circular Wilson line}} = \frac{\sin(\pi\lambda)}{\pi\lambda} \quad [\text{Witten}]$$